

Advanced Algorithms

March 3, 2026

Logistics

- Welcome Dr. Dave!
- Exercise set 4 due
- Thank you for submitting feedback
- Exercise set 5 released tonight, due next week as usual

Where we are

1. Linear Prog. can model many interesting problems, and is in P
2. Integer Prog. can model MANY problems but is NP-hard
3. We can use Linear Prog. to tackle certain Integer Programs

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*Also, a *language* of optimization

- You are running a Hot Tub production company.
- You can produce two types of hot tubs: Aqua-Spas and Hydro-Luxes.
- They require resources (pumps, labor, and tubing), and yield a certain profit

	<i>Aqua-Spa</i>	<i>Hydro-Lux</i>
<i>Pumps</i>	1	1
<i>Labor</i>	9 hours	6 hours
<i>Tubing</i>	12 feet	16 feet
<i>Price</i>	\$350	\$300

- You have 200 pumps, 1566 hours of labor, and 2880 feet of tubing.
- How many of each hot tub to produce if we want to maximize sales?

Integer Programming formulation:

x = number of Aqua-Spas to produce

y = number of Hydro-Luxes to produce

Maximize: $350x + 300y$

Subject to:

$$x + y \leq 200 \quad (\text{pumps})$$

$$9x + 6y \leq 1566 \quad (\text{labor})$$

$$12x + 16y \leq 2880 \quad (\text{tubing})$$

$$x, y \geq 0 \quad (\text{non-negativity})$$

x, y integer

Linear Programming relaxation:

x = number of Aqua-Spas to produce

y = number of Hydro-Luxes to produce

Maximize: $350x + 300y$

Subject to:

$$\begin{array}{ll} x + y \leq 200 & \text{(pumps)} \\ 9x + 6y \leq 1566 & \text{(labor)} \\ 12x + 16y \leq 2880 & \text{(tubing)} \\ x, y \geq 0 & \text{(non-negativity)} \\ x, y \text{ integer} & \end{array}$$

Every Integer Program
has an LP relaxation

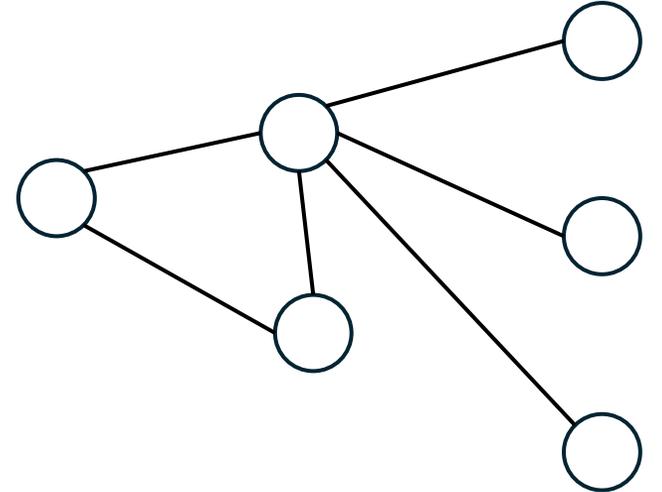
How can this be
used in an
algorithm?

Hot Tub LP



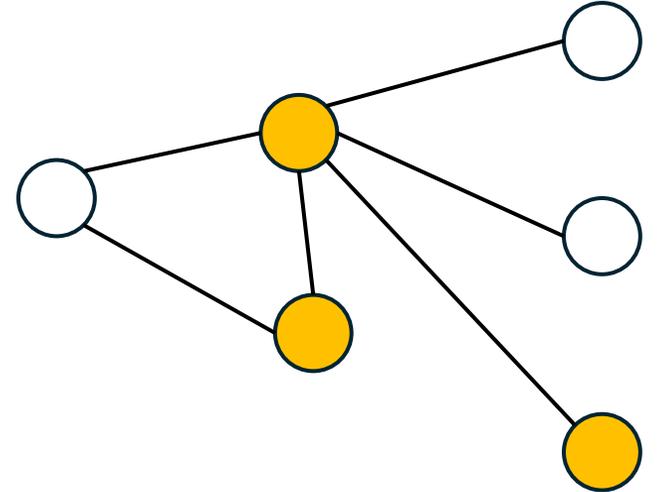
Vertex Cover

- Given an undirected graph $G = (V, E)$, find a vertex cover $S \subseteq V$ of **minimum size**
- A **vertex cover** is a set $S \subseteq V$ such that for every edge $(u, v) \in E$, either $u \in S$ or $v \in S$.



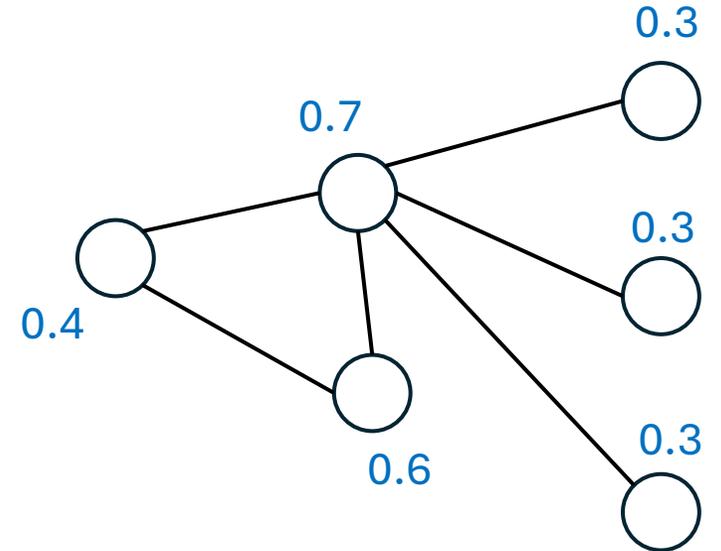
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- Integer Programming formulation?



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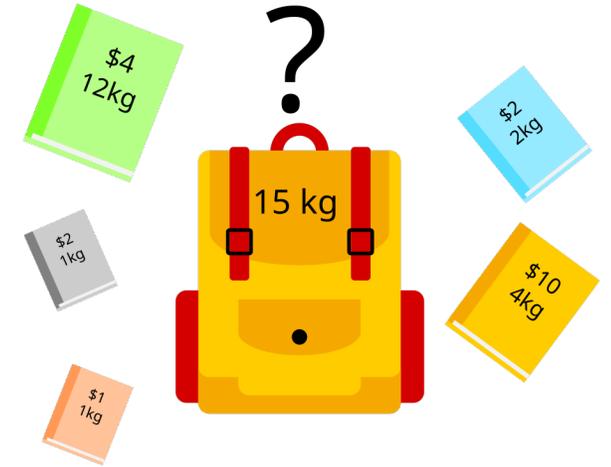
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Knapsack

Given:

- a set of n items with weights w_i and values v_i
- a knapsack with total capacity W



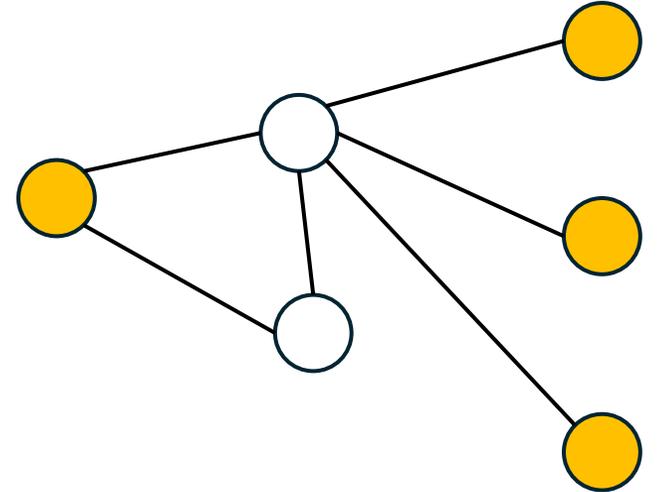
Find a set of items S with maximum value that fits in the knapsack

(Also NP-hard)

Integer Programming formulation?

Independent Set

- Given an undirected graph $G = (V, E)$, find independent set $S \subseteq V$ of **maximum size**
- An **independent set** is $S \subseteq V$ such that no edge has both endpoints in S
- (This is NP-hard)
- Integer Programming formulation?



Consider the following

Given a **bipartite graph** $G = (L \cup R, E)$, define the following Linear Program:

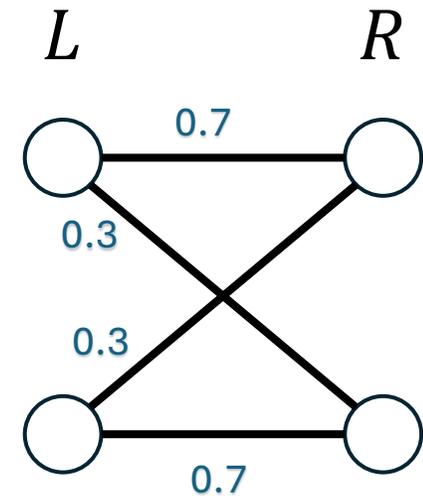
$$\min \sum_{e \in E} c_e x_e$$

such that:

$$\sum_{e \in \delta(u)} x_e = 1 \quad \text{for all } u \in L$$

$$\sum_{e \in \delta(v)} x_e = 1 \quad \text{for all } v \in R$$

$$x_e \geq 0 \quad \text{for all } e \in E$$



What are **integer solutions** to this LP?